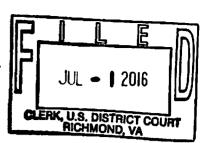
## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Richmond Division



JAMES STROUSE,

Petitioner,

v.

Civil Action No. 3:12CV653

BUREAU OF PRISONS, et al.,

Respondents.

## MEMORANDUM OPINION

By Memorandum Opinion and Order entered on March 4, 2014, the Court dismissed without prejudice a petition for a writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 filed by James Strouse because Strouse had failed to properly exhaust his administrative remedies. (ECF Nos. 68-69.) On June 13, 2016, the Court received from Strouse a motion seeking relief under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b)(6) ("Rule 60(b) Motion," ECF No. 91.)

A party seeking relief under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) must make a threshold showing of "'timeliness, a meritorious defense, a lack of unfair prejudice to the opposing party, and exceptional circumstances.'" <u>Dowell v. State Farm Fire & Cas. Auto. Ins. Co.</u>, 993 F.2d 46, 48 (4th Cir. 1993) (quoting Werner v. Carbo, 731 F.2d 204, 207 (4th Cir. 1984)). After a party satisfies this threshold showing, "he [or she] then must satisfy one of the six specific sections of Rule

60(b)." Id. (citing Werner, 731 F.2d at 207). Strouse seeks relief under Rule 60(b)(6), hence, under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(c)(1) he was required to file his motion within a reasonable time after the entry of the March 4, 2014 Memorandum Opinion and Order. Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(c)(1)( "A motion under Rule 60(b) must be made within a reasonable time-and for reasons (1), (2), and (3) no more than a year after the entry of the judgment or order or the date of the proceeding.") Strouse's Rule 60(b) Motion, filed more than two (2) years after the entry of the challenged judgment, was not filed in a reasonable time. See McLawhorn v. John W. Daniel & Co., Inc., 924 F.2d 535, 538 (4th Cir. 1991) ("We have held on several occasions that a Rule 60(b) motion is not timely brought when it is made three to four months after the original judgment and no valid reason is given for the delay." (citing Cent. Operating Co. v. Utility Workers of Am., 491 F.2d 245 (4th Cir. 1974); Consol. Masonry & Fireproofing, Inc. v. Wagman Constr. Corp., 383 F.2d 249 (4th Cir. 1967))). Strouse's Rule 60(b) Motion (ECF No. 91) will be denied.

The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Memorandum Opinion to Strouse and counsel for the United States.

/s/ Robert E. Payne Senior United States District Judge

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